

Celine Bagatelle Pour Un Massacre

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The Origins of Totalitarianism - Hannah Arendt 1973
Explores the roots of totalitarianism and its culmination in Nazi Germany and Stalinist Russia
The Female Form - Felicia M. McCarren 1992

Mad Like Artaud - Sylvère Lotringer 2015-11-15
Those who are mad like Antonin Artaud, are they just as mad as he was? Madness, like the plague, is contagious, and everyone, from his psychiatrists to his disciples, family, and critics, everyone who gets close to Artaud, seems to participate in his delirium. Sylvère Lotringer explores various embodiments of this shared delirium through what Artaud called "mental dramas"—a series of confrontations with his witnesses or "persecutors" where we uncover the raw delirium at work, even in Lotringer himself. Mad Like Artaud does not intend to add one more layer of commentary to the bitter controversies that have been surrounding the cursed poet's work since his death in 1948, nor does it take sides among the different camps who are still haggling over his corpse. This book speaks of the site where "madness" itself is simmering.

Three Women in Dark Times - Sylvie Courtine-Denamy 2000
Three women, all philosophers, all of Jewish descent, provide a human face for a decade of crisis in this powerful and moving book. The dark years when the Nazis rose to power are here seen through the lives of Edith Stein, a disciple of Husserl and author of *La science et la croix*, who died in Auschwitz in 1942; Hannah Arendt, pupil of Heidegger and Jaspers and author of *Eichmann in Jerusalem*, who unhesitatingly responded to Hitler by making a personal commitment to Zionism; and Simone Weil, a student of Alain and author of *La pesanteur et la grâce*. Following her subjects from 1933 to 1943, Sylvie Courtine-Denamy recounts how these three great philosophers of the twentieth century endeavored with profound moral commitment to address the issues confronting them. Condemned to exile, they not only sought to understand a horrible reality, but also attempted to make peace with it. To do so, Edith Stein and Simone Weil encouraged a stoic acceptance of necessity while Hannah Arendt argued for the capacity for renewal and the need to fight against the banality of evil. Courtine-Denamy also describes how as a student each woman caught the eye of her famous male teacher, yet dared to criticize and go beyond him. She explores each one's sense of her femininity, her position on the "woman question," and her relation to her Jewishness. "All three," the author writes, "are compelling figures who move us with their fierce desire to understand a world out of joint, reconcile it with itself, and, despite everything, love it."

[The Routledge Dictionary of Cultural References in Modern French](#) - Michael Mould 2020-11-17

Now in its second edition, *The Routledge Dictionary of Cultural References in Modern French* reveals the hidden cultural dimension of contemporary French, as used in the press, going beyond the limited and purely lexical approach of traditional bilingual dictionaries. Even foreign learners of French who possess a good level of French often have difficulty in fully understanding

French articles, not because of any linguistic shortcomings on their part but because of their inadequate knowledge of the cultural references. This cultural dictionary of French provides the reader with clear and concise explanations of the crucial cultural dimension behind the most frequently used words and phrases found in the contemporary French press. This vital background information, gathered here in this innovative and entertaining dictionary, will allow readers to go beyond a superficial understanding of the French press and the French language in general to see the hidden yet implied cultural significance that is so transparent to the native speaker. This fully revised second edition includes: a broad range of cultural references from the historical and literary to the popular and classical; an enhanced analysis of punning mechanisms used in the press; over 3,000 cultural references explained with updated examples; a three-level indicator of frequency; new and expanded chapters on the French of Quebec, institutional and academic references, and English borrowings in the areas of IT and medical science; over 600 online questions to test knowledge before and after reading. *The Routledge Dictionary of Cultural References in Modern French* is the ideal reference for all undergraduate and postgraduate students of French seeking to enhance their understanding of the French language. It will also be of interest to teachers, translators and Francophiles alike. French students in khâgne, Sciences-Po and schools of journalism will also find this book valuable and relevant for their studies. Test questions and solutions are available at www.routledge.com/9780367376758, in addition to three online chapters. These bonus chapters explore figurative expressions involving the names of animals, the language of the law and slang terms.

Rigadoon - Louis-Ferdinand Céline 1997
Often comic and always angry, the first-person autobiographical narrator, with his wife and their cat in tow, takes the reader with him on his flight from Paris to Denmark after finding himself on the losing side of World War II. The train rides that encompass the novel are filled with madness and mercy, as Céline, a physician, aids refugees while ignoring his own medical needs. Céline's inventive style and black humor profoundly influenced many writers who came after him, including Kurt Vonnegut, Jack Kerouac, William Burroughs, Allen Ginsberg and Charles Bukowski. As Kurt Vonnegut states in his introduction to this edition, "[Céline] demonstrated that perhaps half of all experience, the animal half, had been concealed by good manners. No honest writer or speaker will ever want to be polite again."

Studies in the Twentieth Century - 1974

Cannon-fodder - Louis-Ferdinand Céline 1988

Dance Pathologies - Felicia M. McCarren 1998
A history of dance's pathologization may startle readers who find in dance performance grace, discipline, geometry, poetry, and the body's transcendence of

itself. Exploring dance's historical links to the medical and scientific connotations of a "pathology," this book asks what has subtended the idealization of dance in the West. It investigates the nineteenth-century response, in the intersections of dance, literature, and medicine, to the complex and long-standing connections between illness, madness, poetry, and performance. In the nineteenth century, medicine becomes a major cultural index to measure the body's meanings. As a particularly performative form of madness, nineteenth-century hysteria preserved the traditional connection to dance in medical descriptions of "choreas." In its withholding of speech and its use of body code, dance, like hysteria, functions as a form of symptomatic expression. Yet by working like a symptom, dance performance can also be read as a commentary on symptomatology and as a condition of possibility for such alternative approaches to mental illness as psychoanalysis. By redeeming as art what is "lost" in hysteria, dance expresses non-hysterically what only hysteria had been able to express: the somatic translation of idea, the physicalization of meaning. Medicine's discovery of "idea" manifesting itself in the body in mental illness strikingly parallels a literary fascination with the ability of nineteenth-century dance to manifest "idea," suggesting that the evolution of medical thinking about mind-body relations as they malfunction in madness, as well as changes in the cultural reception of danced representations of these relations, might be paradigmatic shifts caused by the same cultural factors: concern about the body as a site of meaning and about vision as a theater of knowledge.

The Zionist Quarterly - 1951

The Lure of Fascism in Western Europe - D. Orlow
2016-04-13

This book breaks new ground by analyzing the reciprocal relationship between a fascism that had reached the power phase (Nazi Germany) and fascist movements in two neighbouring countries which were attempting to come to power in their respective societies.

Louis-Ferdinand Céline - Damian Catani 2021-10-13

The first English-language biography in more than two decades of the French writer, one of the great novelists of the twentieth century. Louis-Ferdinand Céline was one of the most innovative novelists of the twentieth century, and his influence both in his native France and beyond remains huge. This book sheds light on Céline's groundbreaking novels, which drew extensively on his complex life: he rose from humble beginnings to worldwide literary fame, then dramatically fell from grace only to return, belatedly, to the limelight. Céline's subversive writing remains fresh and urgent today, despite his controversial political views and inflammatory pamphlets that threatened to ruin his reputation. The first English-language biography of Céline in more than two decades, this book explores new material and reminds us why the author belongs in the pantheon of modern greats.

Fusiller Céline ? - Merry Hermanus 2020-03-19

Ayant écouté sur France Culture du 15 au 19 juillet les quatre extraordinaires émissions consacrées à Céline, j'ai voulu communiquer mon enthousiasme à ceux que cela pourrait intéresser en rédigeant une petite recension que j'ai imprudemment diffusée sur un réseau social.

On the Shoulders of Giants - Umberto Eco 2019-10-22

On the Shoulders of Giants collects previously unpublished essays from the last fifteen years of Umberto Eco's life. With humor and erudition, one of the great contemporary thinkers takes on the roots of Western culture, the origin of language, the nature of beauty and ugliness, the imperfections of art, and the lure of mysteries.

Conversations with Professor Y - Louis-Ferdinand Céline
2006

So begins the imaginary interview that comprises this novel. Professor Y, the interviewing academic, asks questions that allow Céline, a character in his own book, the chance to rail against convention and defend his idiosyncratic methods. In the course of their outrageous interplay, Céline comes closer to defining and justifying his poetics than in any of his other novels. But this is more than just an interview. As the book moves forward, Professor Y reveals his real identity and the characters travel through the streets of Paris toward a bizarre climax that parodies the author, the critic, and, most of all, the establishment.

Popular Myths and Proustian Models - Sam W. Bloom 2000

Treason on the Airwaves: Three Allied Broadcasters on Axis Radio during World War II - Judith Keene 2008-12-30

This work traces the extraordinary journeys of three World War II radio broadcasters in Germany and Japan whose wartime choices became treason in Britain, Australia, and the United States. John Amery, a member of a well-connected British family, joined Hitler's propagandists in Berlin. He was executed for treason by Britain after the war. Charles Cousens was a soldier in Japanese captivity when he was put to work on Radio Tokyo with a team of Allied POWs. Cousens was later tried as a traitor in Australia. Iva Toguri, better known as Tokyo Rose, was an American student visiting Japan when war broke out. She broadcast her English show on Radio Tokyo out of necessity rather than conviction. The United States jailed Toguri for treason. Through these powerful stories, this work not only sheds new light on the history of wartime radio broadcasting in Germany and Japan, but also examines the laws of treason in Britain, Australia, and the United States and the ways in which trials such as these helped shape modern-day treason trials. All three accounts provoke thoughtful questions as to the nature of justice—and the justice of retribution. This work traces the extraordinary journeys of three World War II radio broadcasters in Germany and Japan whose wartime choices became treason in Britain, Australia, and the United States.

Raoul Vaneigem: Self-Portraits and Caricatures of the Situationist International - Raoul Vaneigem 2015

A translation of what amounts to the autobiography of Raoul Vaneigem, one of the most important members of the Situationist International. First published in French in 2014, this book offers a unique series of self-portraits and caricatures of the members of the situationist movement.

Comment l'idée vint à M. Rassinier - Florent Brayard
2014-04-01

Comment naît une idée, même incongrue, même fautive? Pourquoi, au sortir de la guerre, se trouve-t-il un homme pour émettre un doute sur la réalité des chambres à gaz? Et pourquoi est-ce un déporté pour fait de résistance, un responsable fédéral de la S.F.I.O. de tendance pacifiste, député lors de la seconde Constituante? Pourquoi Paul Rassinier (1906-1967)? Comment, pourquoi ce qui n'est au départ qu'un doute se transforme-t-il peu à peu en hypothèse de travail, puis en quasi-certitude? Se peut-il qu'une simple idée, même incongrue, même fautive, puisse bouleverser une vie? Quelle est la part de l'idéologie, de la psychologie, voire de la manipulation dans un tel discours? Est-il digne d'intérêt ou simplement inadmissible? Comment se construit-il? Sur quel malentendu ou quelle malhonnêteté? Quelles sont ses lignes de fracture et ses lignes de fuite? Pourquoi ce discours, à peine émis, trouve-t-il un fort écho? Pourquoi le scandale a-t-il duré? Qu'en reste-t-il? Telles sont les questions que l'étude du révisionnisme _ cette mise en doute radicale de la réalité du génocide juif et de son instrument, les chambres à gaz _ invite à se poser. A toutes ces questions, Florent Brayard apporte de nombreux éléments

de réponse. Chemin faisant, il fait également un sort à la prétendue scientificité de ce discours qui pourrait bien n'être, au bout du compte, que l'avatar moderne du vieil antisémitisme. Loin de ne concerner que l'histoire de ce phénomène marginal, son ouvrage apporte un éclairage nouveau sur de nombreux aspects de notre histoire contemporaine.

Homage to Céline - William K. Buckley 1974

Antisemitism - Hannah Arendt 2012-09-21

In the first volume of her landmark philosophical work, *The Origins of Totalitarianism*, the political theorist traces the rise of antisemitism in Europe. Since it was first published in 1951, *The Origins of Totalitarianism* has been recognized as the definitive philosophical account of the totalitarian mindset. A probing analysis of Nazism, Stalinism, and the "banality of evil", it remains one of the most referenced works in studies and discussions of totalitarian movements around the world. In this first volume, *Antisemitism*, Dr. Hannah Arendt traces the rise of antisemitism to Central and Western European Jewish history during the 19th century. With the appearance of the first political activity by antisemitic parties in the 1870s and 1880s, Arendt states, the machinery that led to the horrors of the Holocaust was set in motion. The Dreyfus Affair, in Arendt's view, was "a kind of dress rehearsal"—the first modern use of antisemitism as an instrument of public policy and of hysteria as a political weapon. "The most original and profound—therefore the most valuable—political theorist of our times."—Dwight MacDonald, *The New Leader*

Céline and the Politics of Difference - Rosemarie Scullion 1994-12-31

Eleven scholars provide a new interpretation of Céline's work and its underlying historical, cultural, and political matrix.

Louis-Ferdinand Céline: Textes. Correspondance de Céline à ... Interférences. Études. Témoignages. Autour du procès. Réceptions critiques - 1963

Paris Match - 2008-12

Revolution in Paradise - Yehuda Moraly 2019-11-01

The era of the German Occupation of France constituted, surprisingly, a golden age for the arts: literature, theater, popular music and cinema. These works of art seem to be devoid of political impact. The widespread trend of unrealistic and fantastic art during this period is explained by some scholars as the artists' escape from the omnipotent eye of German censorship. The purpose of the book is to show that, contrary to the accepted view, some of these films were intimately linked to the political situation. They convey the demonization of characters that, while not specifically presented as Jews nevertheless manifested anti-Semitic stereotypes of the Jew as ugly, rootless, low, hypocritical, immoral, cruel and power hungry. All five movies analysed (*Les Inconnus dans la maison*, dir. Henri Decoin, 1942; *Les Visiteurs du Soir*, dir. Marcel Carne, 1942; *L'Éternel retour*, dir. Jean Delannoy, 1943; *Les Enfants du Paradis*, dir. Marcel Carne, 1943) present characters not identified as Jews but who exhibit negative Jewish traits, in contrast to the aristocratic characters whom they aspire to emulate. They demonstrate, implicitly, central themes of explicit anti-Semitic propaganda. Yehuda Moraly addresses two current major misconceptions regarding the Cinema of Occupied France: (1) that the accepted view that there were almost no explicitly Jewish characters in the cinema of that time and place is patently incorrect; and (2) that the feature films of Occupied France were not as it is commonly thought free of the propaganda messages that permeated the press, the radio and documentary films. Analysis of these films brings out

the contradictory nature of European anti-Semitism. On one hand, the Jew is the anti-Christ, throttling the world with disgusting materialism while on the other hand, he is representative of an ancestral stifling morality, which it is time to abolish.

The Golden Age of Louis-Ferdinand Céline - Nicholas Hewitt 1987-06-26

This book examines Céline's entire oeuvre of the interwar years and the Occupation, and places it in the literary and intellectual context of contemporary France.

Bagatelle per un massacro - Louis Ferdinand Céline 2018-01-16

Per molto tempo ho cercato di spiegarmi perché *Bagatelles pour un massacre* fosse l'unico libro veramente infernale prodotto dalla letteratura francese dopo Choderlos de Laclos. Ogni metodo usato per situare o circoscrivere questo disumano atto d'accusa e di autoaccusa rischia di apparire funesto o ridicolo: ridicole le motivazioni patologiche (« un momento di follia ») e quelle estetiche (« L'antisemitismo è solo una metafora dell'odio per il mondo »); funeste quelle psicologistiche (« Céline vuole fare scandalo perché in una fase di impotenza creativa ») e quelle enigmatiche (« *Bagatelles* è un pamphlet antisemita ma noi non sappiamo cosa siano gli ebrei per Céline »). Per quanto queste sciocchezze contengano sempre un riverbero di verità, la realtà è che la materia di questo libro, più che ributtante è intrattabile, impermeabile a qualsiasi giudizio che non pretenda di usarla. Come molti, ho creduto che questo libro derivasse un suo fascino dal fatto di essere una delle poche cose ancora proibite che la letteratura potesse offrire. Il proibito si dà a noi con una seduzione di qualità sofferente, come una derivazione laica, volgare dell'enigma, quell'enigma che -- in modo paradossale -- riesce pur sempre a proporsi come estetica. L'estetica di *Bagatelles* ha una connotazione assai precisa, quella della crudeltà. Tuttavia, non è la crudeltà a rendere infernale questo libro. Swift, ad esempio, è uno scrittore crudele e una modesta proposta si tiene, per alcuni aspetti, assai vicino a *Bagatelles* ma non è infernale. In cosa consiste codesta qualità rara, sofferente, intrattabile che si definisce infernale?

Passage through Hell - David L. Pike 2018-09-05

Taking the culturally resonant motif of the descent to the underworld as his guiding thread, David L. Pike traces the interplay between myth and history in medieval and modernist literature. *Passage through Hell* suggests new approaches to the practice of comparative literature, and a possible escape from the current morass of competing critical schools and ideologies. Pike's readings of Louis Ferdinand Céline and Walter Benjamin reveal the tensions at work in the modern appropriation of structures derived from ancient and medieval descents. His book shows how these structures were redefined in modernism and persist in contemporary critical practice. In order to recover the historical corpus of modernism, he asserts, it is necessary to acknowledge the attraction that medieval forms and motifs held for modernist literature and theory. By pairing the writings of the postwar German dramatist and novelist Peter Weiss with Dante's *Commedia*, and Christine de Pizan with Virginia Woolf, Pike argues for a new level of complexity in the relation between medieval and modern poetics. Pike's supple and persuasive reading of the *Commedia* resituates that text within the contradictions of medieval tradition. He contends that the Dantean allegory of conversion, altered to suit the exigencies of modernism, maintains its hold over current literature and theory. The postwar writers Pike treats—Weiss, Seamus Heaney, and Derek Walcott—exemplify alternate strategies for negotiating the legacy of modernism. The passage through hell emerges as a way of disentangling images of the past

from their interpretation in the present.

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Includes Part 1, Number 2: Books and Pamphlets, Including Serials and Contributions to Periodicals July - December)

Totalitarianism - Hannah Arendt 1968-03-20

The great twentieth-century political philosopher examines how Hitler and Stalin gained and maintained power, and the nature of totalitarian states. In the final volume of her classic work *The Origins of Totalitarianism*, Hannah Arendt focuses on the two genuine forms of the totalitarian state in modern history: the dictatorships of Bolshevism after 1930 and of National Socialism after 1938. Identifying terror as the very essence of this form of government, she discusses the transformation of classes into masses and the use of propaganda in dealing with the nontotalitarian world—and in her brilliant concluding chapter, she analyzes the nature of isolation and loneliness as preconditions for total domination. "The most original and profound—therefore the most valuable—political theoretician of our times." —Dwight Macdonald, *The New Leader*

The Extreme Right in the French Resistance - Valerie Deacon 2016-12-07

In the aftermath of World War II, historical accounts and public commentaries enshrined the French Resistance as an apolitical, unified movement committed to upholding human rights, equality, and republican values during the dark period of German occupation. Valerie Deacon complicates that conventional view by uncovering extreme-right participants in the Resistance, specifically those who engaged in conspiratorial, anti-republican, and quasi-fascist activities in the 1930s, but later devoted themselves to freeing the country from Nazi control. The political campaigns of the 1930s—against communism, republicanism, freemasonry, and the government—taught France's ultra-right-wing groups to organize underground movements. When France fell to the Germans in 1940, many activists unabashedly cited previous participation in groups of the extreme right as their motive for joining the Resistance. Deacon's analysis of extreme-right participation in the Resistance supports the view that the domestic situation in Nazi-controlled France was more complex than had previously been suggested. Extending beyond past narratives, Deacon details how rightist resisters navigated between different options in the changing political context. In the process, she refutes the established view of the Resistance as apolitical, united, and Gaullist. *The Extreme Right in the French Resistance* highlights the complexities of the French Resistance, what it meant to be a resister, and how the experiences of the extreme right proved incompatible with the postwar resistance narrative.

The Triumph and Tragedy of the Intellectuals - Harry Redner 2017-07-05

This fourth instalment of Harry Redner's tetralogy on the history of civilization argues that intellectuals have a brilliant past, a dubious present, and possibly no future. He contends that the philosophers of the seventeenth century laid the ground for the intellectuals of the eighteenth century, the Age of Enlightenment. They, in turn, promoted a fundamental transformation of human consciousness: they literally intellectualized the world. The outcome was the disenchantment of the world in all its cultural dimensions: in art, religion, ethics, politics, and philosophy. In this fascinating study, Redner demonstrates how secularization took the sting out of both the dread and promise of an afterlife and intellectuals learned to die without the hope of immortality popularized by philosophy and religion. Ultimately, they produced the ideologies that generated

the totalitarian regimes of the twentieth century, which subsequently exterminated these intellectuals through mass murder on a scale never before experienced. The book traces the sources of this fatal entanglement and goes on to examine the contemporary condition of intellectuals in America and the world. Wherein lies the future of the intellectuals? Redner suggests that in the present state of globalization, dominated by technocrats, experts, and professionals, their fate remains uncertain.

Bitter Carnival - Michael André Bernstein 1992-03-17

"You people put importance on your lives. Well, my life has never been important to anyone. I haven't got any guilt about anything," bragged the mass-murderer Charles Manson. "These children that come at you with knives, they are your children. You taught them. I didn't teach them. . . . They are running in the streets--and they are coming right at you!" When a real murderer accuses the society he has brutalized, we are shocked, but we are thrilled by the same accusations when they are mouthed by a fictional rebel, outlaw, or monster. In *Bitter Carnival*, Michael Andr Bernstein explores this contradiction and defines a new figure: the Abject Hero. Standing at the junction of contestation and conformity, the Abject Hero occupies the logically impossible space created by the intersection of the satanic and the servile. Bernstein shows that we heroicize the Abject Hero because he represents a convention that has become a staple of our common mythology, as seductive in mass culture as it is in high art. Moving from an examination of classical Latin satire; through radically new analyses of Diderot, Dostoevsky, and Cline; and culminating in the courtroom testimony of Charles Manson, *Bitter Carnival* offers a revisionist rereading of the entire tradition of the "Saturnalian dialogue" between masters and slaves, monarchs and fools, philosophers and madmen, citizens and malcontents. It contests the supposedly regenerative power of the carnivalesque and challenges the pieties of utopian radicalism fashionable in contemporary academic thinking. The clarity of its argument and literary style compel us to confront a powerful dilemma that engages some of the most central issues in literary studies, ethics, cultural history, and critical theory today.

Australian Literary Studies - 1995

Beckett's Political Imagination - Emilie Morin 2017-09-07

Beckett's Political Imagination charts unexplored territory: it investigates how Beckett's bilingual texts re-imagine political history, and documents the conflicts and controversies through which Beckett's political consciousness and affirmations were mediated. The book offers a startling account of Beckett's work, tracing the many political causes that framed his writing, commitments, collaborations and friendships, from the Scottsboro Boys to the Black Panthers, from Irish communism to Spanish republicanism to Algerian nationalism, and from campaigns against Irish and British censorship to anti-Apartheid and international human rights movements. Emilie Morin reveals a very different writer, whose career and work were shaped by a unique exposure to international politics, an unconventional perspective on political action and secretive political engagements. The book will benefit students, researchers and readers who want to think about literary history in different ways and are interested in Beckett's enduring appeal and influence.

Bagatelles pour un massacre - Louis-Ferdinand Celine 2019-10-28

Bagatelles pour un massacre, publié en décembre 1937 par les Éditions Denoël, fut rédigé durant le deuxième semestre de l'année 1937, il est le deuxième pamphlet de Céline, après *Mea Culpa* publié au début de la même année. Il est dédié à Eugène Dabit et «A mes potes du

Théâtre en Toile». A sa publication, Bagatelles pour un massacre est vendu à 75 000 exemplaires, mais le 10 mai 1939, Céline et son éditeur Robert Denoël décident de le retirer de la vente, tout comme L'Ecole des cadavres, bien que le décret-loi Marchandeu ne les vise pas directement. Sous Vichy, Denoël le réédite à deux reprises, en 1942 puis en octobre 1943, dans une édition augmentée de vingt photographies hors-texte, dont certaines semblent avoir été fournies par la Propaganda Staffel. L'ouvrage est un best-seller pour l'éditeur, et Bagatelles pour un massacre est, avec Les Décombres de Lucien Rebatet, l'un des titres qui se vendent le mieux sous l'Occupation.

Louis-Ferdinand Céline - Merlin Thomas 1980

This book is neither an apology nor a defense, it's a critical biography of the late French novelist.

The Ethics of Reading According to Emmanuel Lévinas - Roland A. Champagne 1998

Reading a text is an ethical activity for Emmanuel Levinas. His moral philosophy considers written texts to be natural places to discover relations of responsibility in Western philosophical systems which are marked by extreme violence and totalizing hatred. This book uses male feminism as its perspective in presenting the applications of Levinas's vision to texts whose readings have presented moral dilemmas for women

readers.

Women Genre and Circumstance - Diana Holmes 2017-12-02
"Women, Genre and Circumstance brings together a series of challenging essays which explore the complex intersections of feminism, narrative and genre. Drawing on a wide range of 19th and 20th century texts novels, short stories and films they interrogate the relationship between womens situation and writing practice, and representations of history, memory, love, old age; they pursue questions of narrative form and its meanings, particularly the distinctive features of the short story. The politics of feminist criticism and careful attention to the operations of narrative combine in a sustained exploration of the aesthetics and ethics of fictional practices, and their role in the negotiation of gender and circumstance. The essays were written as tributes to the leading feminist scholar Elizabeth Fallaize. The contributors are Margaret Atack, Colin Davis, Suzanne Dow, Alison Finch, Diana Holmes, Diana Knight, Michele Le Doeuff, Toril Moi, Gill Rye, Judith Still, and Ursula Tidd."

Horrorism - Adriana Cavarero 2009

Words like 'terrorism' and 'war' are no longer capable of encompassing the scope of contemporary violence. With this book, Cavarero effectively renders such terms obsolete. She introduces a new word, 'horrorism', to capture the experience of violence.