

# Excavations At Tell El Balamun 2003 2008

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Greco et Romains en Égypte - Pascale Ballet 2012  
Les actes de ce colloque organisé par la Société française d'archéologie classique se fondent sur la culture

matérielle (artisanat, pratiques funéraires, numismatique, etc.) de l'Égypte gréco-romaine, afin de dépeindre sous différents aspects un territoire en pleine mutation.

**Hellenistic and Roman Egypt** - Roger S. Bagnall 2006

This second collection by Roger Bagnall brings together a further two dozen of his studies, this time covering Hellenistic, Roman, and Byzantine Egypt, published over the last thirty years. Many of the articles deal with issues of historical and papyrological method: the restoration of papyrus texts, the direction of archaeological work in Egypt, economic models for Roman Egypt, the usefulness of postcolonial theory, and approaches to the defective literary tradition for the Library of Alexandria. Others concentrate on particular bodies of evidence, ranging from inscriptions to ascetic literature, from registers to women's letters.

**Historical Dictionary of Ancient**

**Egypt** - M. L. Bierbrier 2023

Historical Dictionary of Ancient Egypt, Third Edition aims to give a basic overview of Egyptian history and civilization from its origin until its demise at the Arabic conquest for both the academic scholar and the interested layman.

*Army and Society in Ptolemaic Egypt* - Christelle Fischer-Bovet 2014-04-10

This book examines how the army developed as an engine of socio-economic and cultural integration in Egypt under Greco-Macedonian rule.

Excavations at Tell El-Balamun, 2003-2008 - A. Jeffrey Spencer 2009

**Before the Pyramids** - University of Chicago. Oriental Institute. Museum 2011

This catalogue for an exhibit at Chicago's Oriental Institute Museum

presents the newest research on the Predynastic and Early Dynastic Periods in a lavishly illustrated format. Essays on the rise of the state, contact with the Levant and Nubia, crafts, writing, iconography and evidence from Abydos, Tell el-Farkha, Hierakonpolis and the Delta were contributed by leading scholars in the field. The catalogue features 129 Predynastic and Early Dynastic objects, most from the Oriental Institute's collection, that illustrate the environmental setting, Predynastic and Early Dynastic culture, religion and the royal burials at Abydos. This volume will be a standard reference and a staple for classroom use.

**Herrschaftsräume und  
Herrschaftswissen ägyptischer  
Lokalregenten** - Jan Moje 2013-12-18

Im 8. Jh. v. Chr. erlangten in Ägypten lokale Machthaber immer mehr Einfluss gegenüber der Zentralregierung und herrschten schließlich nahezu eigenständig über ihre Machträume. Dieses Werk versammelt erstmalig alle hierzu bekannten Quellen, die hinsichtlich ihrer Aussagekraft über die soziokulturellen Interaktionen mit König und Lokalbevölkerung analysiert werden. Herausgearbeitet wird dabei das angewendete Herrschaftswissen zum Zwecke der eigenen Machtkonsolidierung und die darin erkennbaren Raum-Wissens-Beziehungen der Potentaten.

Die Petosiris-Nekropole von Tuna el-Gebel - Lembke, Katja 2015-01-01  
Herausgegeben von Katja Lembke und Silvia Prell mit Beiträgen von: Katja Lembke / Silvia Prell / Jana Helbold-

Doyé / Stefan Pfeiffer / Harald Stümpel / Christina Klein / Christine Wilkening-Aumann / Timo Meyer / Martina Minas-Nerpel / Martina Winkels / Nicole Riedl 500 Kilometer südlich von Alexandria gelegen, ist Tuna el-Gebel der größte und am besten erhaltene Friedhof der ptolemäisch-römischen Zeit in Ägypten. Tempelartige Gräber aus Stein und bunt bemalte Grabbauten aus Lehmziegeln boten tausenden Menschen eine letzte Ruhestätte. Seit 2004 arbeitet ein multidisziplinäres Team in der südlichen Nekropole von Tuna el-Gebel, die sich seit dem 3. Jahrhundert v. Chr. um den Grabbau des Petosiris entwickelt hat. In diesem Band werden die ersten Ergebnisse aus den Bereichen Archäologie, Architektur, Wandmalerei, Geophysik sowie die

Ergebnisse der Grabung von W. Honroth vorgestellt, der 1913 als Mitglied der Amarna-Expedition die ersten wissenschaftlichen Untersuchungen in diesem Gebiet durchführte. ISBN: 978-3-944207-07-0 XI + 320 Seiten  
**Dakhleh Oasis and the Western Desert of Egypt under the Ptolemies** - James C. R. Gill 2016-07-08  
Through an analysis of recently discovered Ptolemaic pottery from Mut al-Kharab, as well as a reexamination of pottery collected by the Dakhleh Oasis Project during the survey of the oasis from 1978–1987, this book challenges the common perception that Dakhleh Oasis experienced a sudden increase in agricultural exploitation and a dramatic rise in population during the Roman Period. It argues that such changes had already begun to take place during the Ptolemaic

Period, likely as the result of a deliberate strategy directed toward this region by the Ptolemies. This book focuses on the ceramic remains in order to determine the extent of Ptolemaic settlement in the oases and to offer new insights into the nature of this settlement. It presents a corpus of Ptolemaic pottery and a catalogue of Ptolemaic sites from Dakhleh Oasis. It also presents a survey of Ptolemaic evidence from the oases of Kharga, Farafra, Bahariya and Siwa. It thus represents the first major synthesis of Ptolemaic Period activity in the Egyptian Western Desert.

**The Oxford Handbook of Roman Egypt** -

Christina Riggs 2012-06-21

Roman Egypt is a critical area of interdisciplinary research, which has steadily expanded since the 1970s and

continues to grow. Egypt played a pivotal role in the Roman empire, not only in terms of political, economic, and military strategies, but also as part of an intricate cultural discourse involving themes that resonate today - east and west, old world and new, acculturation and shifting identities, patterns of language use and religious belief, and the management of agriculture and trade. Roman Egypt was a literal and figurative crossroads shaped by the movement of people, goods, and ideas, and framed by permeable boundaries of self and space. This handbook is unique in drawing together many different strands of research on Roman Egypt, in order to suggest both the state of knowledge in the field and the possibilities for collaborative, synthetic, and

interpretive research. Arranged in seven thematic sections, each of which includes essays from a variety of disciplinary vantage points and multiple sources of information, it offers new perspectives from both established and younger scholars, featuring individual essay topics, themes, and intellectual juxtapositions.

*Kom el-Hisn (ca. 2500-1900 BC)* -

Anthony J. Cagle 2016-09-30

This volume presents the findings of three seasons of excavation in the 1980s at Kom el-Hisn, "the mound of the fortress," in the northwest Nile Delta. This provincial community was often in the orbit of Memphis, the capital and administrative center of Egypt's Old Kingdom period. Small areas of occupations of the First Intermediate and early Middle Kingdom

periods were also excavated. One of the goals of the excavations was to complement and compare the substantial ancient textual record of this era with Kom el-Hisn's archaeological record because such evidence is sparse for Lower Egypt between about 2500 and 1800 BC. The findings presented here reveal the complexity of small Old Kingdom settlements in the context of the Memphite state organization and shed light on the changing relationships of this administrative center with its provincial communities. Kom el-Hisn's faunal, floral, lithic, and architectural remains are presented and discussed in detail, as are some theoretical and methodological issues relevant to this research. With contributions by Paul E. Buck, Anthony J. Cagle, Michal Kobusiewicz,

Karla Kroeper, Richard R. Redding,  
Sarah Sterling, Robert J. Wenke,  
Wilma Wetterstrom, Anna Wodzinska,  
and Alexandra Witsell.

**Bibliothèque d'étude** - 2008

**The power of walls : fortifications  
in ancient Northeastern Africa** -  
Friederike Jesse 2013-01-01

*Afterglow of Empire* - Aidan Dodson  
2019-11-05

During the half-millennium from the  
eleventh through the sixth centuries  
BC, the power and the glory of the  
imperial pharaohs of the New Kingdom  
crumbled in the face of internal  
crises and external pressures,  
ultimately reversed by invaders from  
Nubia and consolidated by natives of  
the Nile Delta following a series of  
Assyrian invasions. Much of this era

remains obscure, with little  
consensus among Egyptologists.  
Against this background, Aidan Dodson  
reconsiders the evidence and proposes  
a number of new solutions to the  
problems of the period. He also  
considers the era's art,  
architecture, and archaeology,  
including the royal tombs of Tanis,  
one of which yielded the intact  
burials of no fewer than five  
pharaohs. *Afterglow of Empire* is  
extensively illustrated with images  
of this material, much of which is  
little known to non-specialists. By  
the author of the bestselling *Amarna  
Sunset* and *Poisoned Legacy*.  
*Spuren der altägyptischen  
Gesellschaft* - Richard Bußmann  
2022-11-21  
*Die Hinterlassenschaften der  
Gesellschaft des Alten Ägyptens*

reichen von monumentalen Pyramidenanlagen bis zu mikroskopischen Spuren menschlicher Aktivitäten, von Felsinschriften bis zu Romanen. Wie lässt sich das alles sinnvoll in Bezug stellen und welche Methoden und Fragestellungen sind dafür notwendig? Das Buch versammelt 28 Beiträge zu Ehren Stephan J. Seidlmayers, die versuchen, darauf aktuelle Antworten zu geben.

**The Delta Survey Workshop:  
Proceedings from Conferences held in  
Alexandria (2017) and Mansoura (2019)**

- Ayman Wahby 2022-08-04

This volume comprises the proceedings of two conferences organised by the Delta Survey Project held in Alexandria in 2017 and Mansoura in 2019. The papers contain the results of the latest fieldwork from the Nile Delta and Sinai.

*Ancient Maya Politics* - Simon Martin  
2020-06-18

With new readings of ancient texts, *Ancient Maya Politics* unlocks the long-enigmatic political system of the Classic Maya.

*Byblos in the Late Bronze Age* -  
Marwan Kilani 2019-10-07

In *Byblos in the Late Bronze Age*, Marwan Kilani reconstructs the “biography” of the city of Byblos during the Late Bronze Age, exploring its interactions and development in relation with the contemporary local and macroregional cultural and geopolitical reality.

**The Oxford Handbook of Ancient Greek Religion** - Esther Eidinow 2015

This handbook offers both students and teachers of ancient Greek religion a comprehensive overview of the current state of scholarship in



the subject, from the Archaic to the Hellenistic periods. It not only presents key information, but also explores the ways in which such information is gathered and the different approaches that have shaped the area. In doing so, the volume provides a crucial research and orientation tool for students of the ancient world, and also makes a vital contribution to the key debates surrounding the conceptualization of ancient Greek religion. The handbook's initial chapters lay out the key dimensions of ancient Greek religion, approaches to evidence, and the representations of myths. The following chapters discuss the continuities and differences between religious practices in different cultures, including Egypt, the Near East, the Black Sea, and Bactria and

India. The range of contributions emphasizes the diversity of relationships between mortals and the supernatural - in all their manifestations, across, between, and beyond ancient Greek cultures - and draws attention to religious activities as dynamic, highlighting how they changed over time, place, and context.

Decolonizing Arts-Based Methodologies

- Paula D. Royster 2020-11-23

Decolonizing Arts-Based Methodologies: Researching the Africa Diaspora introduces Ancestorology, a new interdisciplinary research methodology that juxtaposes Western cultural productions of history with the lived experiences of the African Diaspora.

**The Princeton Dictionary of Ancient Egypt** - Ian Shaw 2008

For more than a decade, Ian Shaw and Paul Nicholson's Dictionary of Ancient Egypt has been the most informative and useful dictionary of ancient Egypt available, one that Library Journal called "a preeminent source" and "the essential choice." Now fully revised and updated, this new edition covers the most important discoveries and scholarship in the field since 1995. Written by two archaeologists, each with more than twenty years of excavation experience in Egypt, this authoritative dictionary defines and explains important themes, sites, objects, individuals, and historical periods throughout four thousand years of Egyptian civilization. More than 600 A-to-Z entries provide concise information on all aspects of ancient Egypt and Nubia during the pharaonic

and Graeco-Roman periods. Each entry is followed by a bibliography, allowing readers to pursue subjects in more detail. The dictionary is lavishly illustrated with photographs, line drawings, site plans, and maps. The Princeton Dictionary of Ancient Egypt is an indispensable resource for researchers, students, and anyone with an interest in the ancient world. Completely revised text More than 600 up-to-date alphabetical entries ranging from agriculture to Zawiyet el-Mayitin, and includes more than 80 new terms Up-to-date bibliographies for each entry Revised and enlarged maps and diagrams More than 500 illustrations Thoroughly indexed and cross-referenced Includes a chronology of dynasties, a list of Egyptologists mentioned in the text,

and an alphabetical list of Theban tombs

**Tell Dafana Reconsidered** - François Leclère 2014

This book considers the relationship between Egypt and Archaic Greece from the 7th to 5th century BC through a re-assessment of the site of ancient Daphnae (now known as Tell Dafana) in the Nile Delta of Egypt. --Back cover.

**Annales du Service des antiquités de l'Égypte** - Egypt. Maṣṣaḥat al-Āthār 2008

Magnetometry for Archaeologists - A. Aspinall 2008

A discussion of the most widely used method for archaeological prospecting, covering the technical background of magnetometry and explaining what is measured and how

this knowledge is used in archaeological surveys.

**Naukratis** - Alexandra Villing 2006  
A collection of 22 essays presenting the latest research on a comprehensive range of questions relating to the Greek presence at the site of Egyptian Naukratis as it is reflected in the pottery from there. The volume includes scientific analysis and is richly illustrated with photographs including colour illustrations, line drawings, maps and tables.

**A Companion to Ancient Egypt, 2 Volume Set** - Alan B. Lloyd 2010-05-06

This companion provides the very latest accounts of the major and current aspects of Egyptology by leading scholars. Delivered in a highly readable style and extensively illustrated, it offers unprecedented

breadth and depth of coverage, giving full scope to the discussion of this incredible civilization. Provides the very latest and, where relevant, well-illustrated accounts of the major aspects of Egypt's ancient history and culture Covers a broad scope of topics including physical context, history, economic and social mechanisms, language, literature, and the visual arts Delivered in a highly readable style with students and scholars of both Egyptology and Graeco-Roman studies in mind Provides a chronological table at the start of each volume to help readers orient chapters within the wider historical context

Kom al-Ahmer – Kom Wasit I:  
Excavations in the Metelite Nome,  
Egypt - Mohamed Kenawi 2019-12-05  
This volume presents the results of

the Italian archaeological mission at Kom al-Ahmer and Kom Wasit, Beheira, Egypt between 2012 and 2016. It provides details of the survey and excavation results of the different occupation phases, which range from the Late Dynastic to the Early Islamic period.

Le quartier des pretres dans le temple d'Amon a Karnak - A. Masson-Berghoff 2021-11-17

French description: Le quartier des pretres est un quartier residentiel situe dans le sanctuaire d'Amon a Karnak, a l'est du lac Sacre. Au cours du premier millenaire avant notre ere, il a ete presque continuellement occupe par des pretres le temps de leur service cultuel. Un programme de recherche lance en 2001 par le Centre franco-egyptien d'etude des temples de

Karnak (Cfeetk) complete et revise les resultats de fouilles de sauvetage menees dans ce secteur dans les annees 1970, jusqu'alors partiellement publies. L'histoire et l'evolution de ce quartier, ainsi que l'identite, la culture materielle, la vie quotidienne et le regime alimentaire de ses habitants, ont ete etablis au moyen d'une collaboration pluridisciplinaire pendant de nouvelles fouilles et des missions d'etudes du materiel. Cette recherche explore la maniere dont cet habitat s'integre dans le contexte plus large du temple, en particulier son environnement religieux et architectural direct sur la rive sud du lac Sacre qui jadis abritait de grands secteurs economiques et peut-etre artisanaux. L'etude de ces annexes offre un temoignage unique et

eloquent des activites quotidiennes au sein du temple d'Amon a Karnak et de la vie des serviteurs des dieux egyptiens. English summary: The Priests' Quarter is a housing quarter located within the sanctuary of Amun in Karnak, to the east of the Sacred Lake. For almost all of the first millennium BC, it was occupied by priests performing their cultic service. A research programme initiated in 2001 by the Centre franco-egyptien d'etude des Temples de Karnak (Cfeetk) completes and revises the results of rescue excavations led in this area in the 1970s, which had so far never been fully published. The history and evolution of this quarter, as well as the identity, material culture, daily life and diet of its inhabitants, have been established through a

multidisciplinary collaboration during excavation and post-excavation studies. This research explores how this settlement fits into the larger context of the temple, particularly its direct religious and architectural environment on the southern bank on the Sacred Lake where once stood large economic and possibly artisanal sectors. The study of these temple annexes offers a unique and eloquent testimony on the day-to-day activities within the temple of Amun in Karnak itself and the life of ancient Egyptian priests in general.

**Triangular Landscapes** - Katherine Blouin 2014

Using papyri and other sources documenting the Mendesian Nome, a district of the North-Eastern Nile Delta, this volume investigates the

complex networks of relationships between Mendesian environments, socio-economic dynamics, and agro-fiscal policies in the Roman period.  
**The Archaeology of Egypt in the Third Intermediate Period** - James E. Bennett 2019-09-26

This book is aimed at students, teachers, and academics who have an interest in the study of urbanism in Egypt and the ancient world. This book provides for the first time, an up-to-date, comprehensive analysis of Egyptian urbanism during the Third Intermediate Period (1076-664 BCE).  
Egypt of the Saite pharaohs, 664–525 BC - Roger Forshaw 2019-05-22

In the 660s BC Egypt was a politically fragmented and occupied country. However, this was to change when a family of local rulers from the city of Sais declared

independence from the Assyrian Empire, and in a few short years succeeded in bringing about the reunification of Egypt. The Saites established central government, reformed the economy and promoted trade. The country became prosperous, achieving a pre-eminent role in the Mediterranean world. This is the first monograph devoted entirely to a detailed exploration of the Saite Dynasty. It reveals the dynamic nature of the period, the astuteness of the Saite rulers and their considerable achievements in the political, economic, administrative and cultural spheres. It will appeal not only to students of Egyptology but also, because of the interactions of the Saite Dynasty with the Aegean and Mesopotamia worlds, to anyone interested in ancient history.

### **Excavations at Tell El-Balamun**

**1991-1994** - A. Jeffrey Spencer 1996

This volume contains the publication of four seasons of excavation carried out by the British Museum at Tell el-Balamun in the Nile Delta, the site of the most northerly city of ancient Egypt. It looks at the history and archaeology of the site, in particular the development of the temple area.

*Science in the Study of Ancient Egypt*

- Sonia Zakrzewski 2015-12-22

*Science in the Study of Ancient Egypt* takes an innovative and integrated approach to the use of scientific techniques and methodologies within the study of ancient Egypt.

Accessibly demonstrating how to integrate scientific methodologies into Egyptology broadly, and in Egyptian archaeology in particular,

this volume will help to maximise the amount of information that can be obtained within a study of ancient Egypt, be it in the field, museum, or laboratory. Using a range of case studies which exemplify best practice within Egyptian archaeological science, *Science in the Study of Ancient Egypt* presents both the scientific methods of analysis available and their potential applications to Egyptologists. Although Egyptology has mainly shown a marked lack of engagement with recent archaeological science, the authors illustrate the inclusive but varied nature of the scientific archaeology which is now being undertaken, demonstrating how new analytical techniques can develop greater understanding of Egyptian data.

**Environment and Society in the Long Late Antiquity** - 2019-01-04

*Environment and Society in the Long Late Antiquity* brings together scientific, archaeological and historical evidence on the interplay of social change and environmental phenomena at the end of Antiquity and the dawn of the Middle Ages, ca. 300-800 AD.

**Historical Dictionary of Ancient Egypt** - Morris L. Bierbrier  
2008-08-14

The second edition of the *Historical Dictionary of Ancient Egypt* expands upon the information presented in the first with a chronology, an introductory essay, appendixes, a bibliography, and hundreds of cross-referenced dictionary entries on Egyptian rulers, bureaucrats, and commoners whose records have



survived, as well as ancient society, religion, and gods.

Roman Egypt - Roger S. Bagnall

2021-08-31

Egypt played a crucial role in the Roman Empire for seven centuries. It was wealthy and occupied a strategic position between the Mediterranean and Indian Ocean worlds, while its uniquely fertile lands helped to feed the imperial capitals at Rome and then Constantinople. The cultural and religious landscape of Egypt today owes much to developments during the Roman period, including in particular the forms taken by Egyptian Christianity. Moreover, we have an abundance of sources for its history during this time, especially because of the recovery of vast numbers of written texts giving an almost uniquely detailed picture of its

society, economy, government, and culture. This book, the work of six historians and archaeologists from Egypt, the US, and the UK, provides students and a general audience with a readable new history of the period and includes many illustrations of art, archaeological sites, and documents, and quotations from primary sources.

Les villes de Basse Égypte au Ier millénaire av. J.-C. - François Leclère 2008

La multiplication récente des interventions archéologiques sur les sites urbains de la Vallée du Nil a considérablement fait progresser la connaissance de l'histoire des villes antiques. À partir des informations recueillies, tant textuelles qu'archéologiques, et en dépit de la forte disparité des données, liée aux

conditions inégales de conservation et d'exploration des sites, il nous a paru possible d'envisager une étude des caractères morphologiques des agglomérations dans un cadre chronologique et géographique restreint, celui de la Basse Égypte au Ier millénaire av. J.-C. Notre objectif était de dégager des principes généraux et récurrents d'organisation de l'espace urbain et de repérer une évolution éventuelle de cet ordre spatial. La majeure partie de l'ouvrage présente un choix de dossiers monographiques, une douzaine de villes de Basse Égypte fondées ou occupées durant le Ier millénaire av. J.-C.: Memphis, Saïs, Bouto, Athribis, Diospolis d'aval, Mendès/Thmouis, Boubastis, Bouto d'Arabie, Tanis, Naukratis, Daphnae des Palus et Héroonpolis/Pithom. Une

synthèse intègre ces études locales dans une perspective plus large et transversale. Après avoir défini les limites de la documentation et de son interprétation et procédé à une analyse comparative des caractéristiques des sites, nous avons pu montrer en quoi la relation entre les aires sacrées et les secteurs profanes dont sont étudiés les éléments-types était à l'origine d'une organisation spatiale interne. Des aménagements spécifiques à cette époque ont ainsi pu être mis en évidence : agrandissement des sanctuaires, extension des espaces sacrés au détriment des quartiers civils, introduction de tombes royales ou princières à l'intérieur de l'espace sécurisé par les enceintes de temples ou à proximité, occupations illicites des enclos

religieux

**Catalogue of the Terracottas in the British Museum** - British Museum.

Department of Greek and Roman Antiquities 2008

This, the fourth in the British Museum's series of terracottas catalogues, features terracottas found in Egypt and dating from the victory of Alexander in 332 BC and the succeeding Ptolemaic and Roman periods until the Arab conquest in AD 641. The typical terracottas of the Ptolemaic and Roman periods, in all their exuberant variety, are known mainly from catalogues of unprovenanced material and not much is known of their chronology. No doubt purchased by both Greek and Egyptian members of the population, most such terracottas most probably came predominantly from the houses of

city- and village-dwellers, and, placed in a house-shrine, would have been thought by their owners to have a protective function over their households in everyday life and in childbirth. They would also enhance the fertility of fields and animals. Some 830 terracottas and objects, arranged thematically, are discussed and illustrated. The introduction describes the scope and content of the material; its function and distribution within the villages and cities of Egypt; its religious context; the difficulties of dating it; and manufacturing techniques. *Egyptian Archaeology* - 2004

Excavations 1998-2011 - Mariusz A. Jucha 2012

After 14 seasons of research by the Polish Archaeological Expedition to

the Eastern Nile Delta carried out at the Tell el-Farkha site, all the most important discoveries are now presented and discussed in this volume.